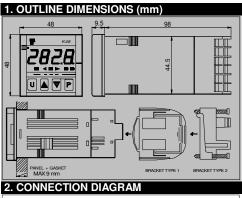
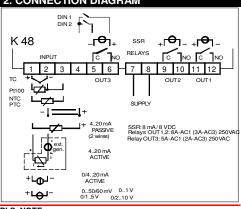
# K48

#### **CONTROLLER AND** MINI-PROGRAMMER



Quick guide





### PLS. NOTE : THE COMPLETE MANUAL IS AVAILABLE FREE OF CHARGE AT www.SIKA.net

**2.1 - MOUNTING REQUIREMENTS**This instrument is intended for permanent installation, for indoor use only, in an electrical panel which encloses the rear housing, exposed terminals and wiring on the back.
Select a mounting location having the following

characteristics:

- it should be easily accessible
   there is minimum vibrations and no impact
- 3) there are no corrosive gases
- 4) there are no water or other fluid (i.e. condensation) 5) the ambient temperature is in accordance with the operative temperature (from 0 to 50 °C)
- 6) the relative humidity is in accordance with the instrument specifications ( 20% to 85 %)
  The instrument can be mounted on panel with a maximum thick of 15

mm. When the maximum front protection (IP65) is desired, the optional gasket must be monted.

### 2.2 - GENERAL NOTES ABOUT INPUT WIRING

 Don't run input wires together with power cables.
 External components (like zener barriers, etc.) connected between sensor and input terminals may cause errors in measurement due to excessive and/or not balanced line resistance or possible leakage

3) When a shielded cable is used, it should be connected at one point

- 4) Pay attention to the line resistance; a high line resistance may
- cause measurement errors.
  5) To avoid electrical shock, connect power line at last. 6) For supply connections use No 16 AWG or larger wires rated for at
- 7)Use copper conductors only.

8) Before connecting the instrument to the power line, make sure that line voltage is equal to the voltage shown on the identification label.

9) The power supply input is **NOT** fuse protected. Please, provide a T type 1A, 250 V fuse externally

# 4. CONFIGURATION PROCEDURE

# 4.3. - HOW TO ENTER INTO THE CONFIGURATION MODE

Push the P button for more than 3 seconds. The display will show alternately 0 and "PASS"

2) Using UP and/or DOWN buttons set the programmed password. **NOTES**:

a) The factory default password for configuration parameters is 30. b) All parameter modification are protected by a time out. If no button is pressed for more than 10 second the instrument return automatically back to the Standard display, the new value of the last selected parameter is lost and the parameter modification procedure is closed. When you desire to remove the time out (e.g. for the first configuration of an instrument) you can use a password equal to 1000 plus the programmed password (e.g. 1000 + 30 [default] = 1030).

It is always possible to end manually the parameter configuration ris a laways possible to end manually the parameter configuration procedure (see the next paragraph).
c) During parameter modification the instrument continue to perform

In certain conditions, when a configuration change can produce a heavy bump to the process, it is advisable to temporarily stop the ler from controlling during the programming procedure control output will be Off)

A password equal to 2000 + the programmed value (e.g. 2000 + 30 = 2030).

The control will restart automatically when the configuration procedure will be manually closed.

3) Push the P button If the password is correct the display will show the acronym of the first

parameter group preceded by the symbol  $\frac{1}{2}$ . In other words the display will show  $\frac{1}{2}$   $\ln P$ .

The instrument is in configuration mode.

# 4.4. - HOW TO EXIT FROM THE CONFIGURATION MODE

The instrument will come back to the "standard display".

# 4.5. - KEYBOARD FUNCTION DURING PARAMETER

**KEY U**: A short press allows you to exit from the current parameter group and select a new parameter group. A long press allows you to close the configuration parameter

procedure (the instrument will come back to the "standard KEY P: When the display is showing a group, It allows you to enter in

the selected group.
When the display is showing a parameter, it allows you to memorize the selected value and to go to the next parameter

within the same group.

KEY UP: It allows you to increase the value of the selected

KEY DOWN : It allows you to decrease the value of the selected

NOTE: The group selection is cyclic as well as the selection of the

4.6. - FACTORY RESET - DEFAULT PARAMETERS LOADING PROCEDURE

Sometime, e.g. when you re-configure an instrument previously used for other works or from other people or when you have made too many errors during configuration and you decided to re-configure the instrument, it is possible to restore the factory configuration.

This action allows you to put the instruent in a defined con-dition (in

the same condition it was at the first power up). The default data are the typical values loaded in the instrument prior to

To load the factory default parameter set, proceed as follows:

Press the P button for more than 5 seconds
 The display will show alternately "PASS" and "0".
 By UP and DOWN buttons set the value -481.

4) Push P button.

5)The instrument will turn OFF all LEDs then it will show "dFLt" messages and than it turn ON all LEDs of the display for 2 seconds and than it will restart as for a new power up. The procedure is complete.

#### 6. OPERATIVE MODES

**6.4.1 - Keyboard function when the instrument is in Auto mode**<u>KEY U</u>: It will perform the action programmed by [116] uSrb (U button function during RUN TIME) parameter.

KEY P: It allows entry into parameter modification procedures.
KEY UP: It allows you to start the "Direct set point modification function (see below).

**<u>KEY DOWN</u>**: it allows you to display the "additional informations" (see

#### 6.4.2 Direct set point modification

This function allows to modify rapidly the set point value selected by [79] SPAt or to the set point of the segment group currently in

The instrument is showing the "standard display"

1) Push DOWN button.

The display will show alternately the acronym of the selected set point SP2) and its value

NOTE: when the programmer is running, the instrument will show the set point of the group currently in use.
2) By UP and DOWN buttons, assign to this parameter the desired

value.
3) Do not push any button for more than 5 second or push the P button. In both cases the instrument memorize the new value and

come back to the "standard display".

NOTE: If the selected set point has not been promoted to the Operator level, the instrument allows you to see the value but not to modify it.

### 6.4.3 - Additional informations

This instrument is able to show you some additional informations that

can help you to manage your system.

1) When the instrument is showing the "standard display" push UP button. The display will show "H" or "c" followed by a number. This value is the current power output applied to the process. The "H" show you that the action is a Heating action while the "c" show you that the action is a Cooling action.

2) Push UP button again. When the programmer is running the instrument will show the segment currently performed and the Event

# r 100

where the first figure can be "r" for a ramp or "S" for a soak, the next digit show the number of the segment (ex. S3 indicates stasis 3) and the two less significant digits show you the status of the two event

(LSD is the Event 2).

3) Push UP button again. When the programmer is running the instrument will show the theoretical remaining time to the end of the program preceded by a P letter: P843

4) Push UP button again. When the wattmeter function is running the instrument will show "U" followed by the measured energy. **Note**: The energy calculation will be in accordance with the [123]

Co.tY parameter setting.

5) Push UP button again. When the "Worked time count" is running the instrument will show "d" for days or "h" for hours followed by the

6) Push UP button again. The instrument will come back to the

NOTE: The additional information visualization is subject to a time out.

### 7. ERROR MESSAGGES

**7.1 - OUT OF RANGE SIGNALS**The display shows the OVER-RANGE and UNDER-RANGE conditions with the following indications

0000

Over-range Under-range The sensor break will be signalled as an out of range :

NOTE: When an over-range or an under-range is detected, the alarms operate as in presence of the maximum or the minimum malue respectively.

To check the out of span Error condition, proceed as follows: Check the input signal source and the connecting line.
 Make sure that the input signal is in accordance with the instrument configuration.

Otherwise, modify the input configuration (see section 4) 3) If no error is detected, send the instrument to your supplier to be

# 7.2 - LIST OF POSSIBLE ERRORS

ErAT - Fast Auto-tune can't start. The measure value is too close to the set point. Push the P button in order to delete the error message. NoAt - Auto-tune not finished within 12 hours.

ErEP. Possible problem of the instrument memory. The messages desappears automatically. When the error continues, send the

### instrument to your supplier. 8. NOTE GENERALI

# 8.1 - PROPER USE

Every possible use not described in the complete manual (www.SIKA.net) must be considered as a improper use. This instrument is in compliance with EN 61010-1 "Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use"; for this reason it coud not be used as a safety

Whenever a failure or a malfunction of the control device may cause dangerous situations for persons, thing or animals, please remember that the plant has to be equipped with additional safety devices. SIKA GmbH and its legal representatives do not assume any responsibility for any damage to people, things or animals deriving from violation, wrong or improper use or in any case not in compliance with the instrument's features.

# 8.2 - GUARANTEE AND REPAIRS

This product is under warranty against manufacturing defects or faulty materials that are found within 12 months from delivery date. The guarantee is limited to repairs or to the replacement of the

The tampering of the instrument or an improper use of the product will bring about the immediate withdrawal of the warranty's effects In the event of a faulty instrument, either within the period of warrantee, or further to its expiry, please contact our sales department to obtain authorisation for sending the instrument to our company. The faulty product must be shipped to SIKA with a detailed description of the faults found, without any fees or charge for SIKA, except in the event of alternative agreements. Before supplying tension to the instrument, make sure that it is

perfectly dry

# PARAMETERS TABLE

InP group (parameters relative to the inputs)

Pa	arameter	Description	Range	Def.	Vis. Promo
1	HcFG	It shows the current hw	TC/RTD - TC/PTC - Current - Volt	Acc. hw	Unvis
2	SEnS	Sensor TC, Pt100 input	J, crAL, S , r, t, ir.J, ir.cA, Pt1, 0.50 (mV), 0.60 (mV),12.60 (mV)	J	A-4
		TC, PTC, NTC input	J, crAL, S , r, t, Ir.J, Ir.cA, Ptc, ntc, 0.50 (mV), 0.60 (mV), 12.60 (mV) 0.20 (mA), 4.20 (mA)	Ptc 4.20	
		I input	0.20 (mA), 4.20 (mA)	4.20	

Paramete	Description	Range	Def.	Vis. Promo
	V input	0.5(V), 1.5(V), 0.10(V), 2.10(V),0.1 (V)	0.10	
3 dP	Decimal fig.	0÷3	0	A-5
4 SSc	Initial scale readout	-1999 ÷ FSC (E.U.)	- 1999	A-6
5 FSc	Final scale readout	SSc ÷ 9999 (E.U.)	9999	A-7
6 unit	Engineering unit (E.U.)	°c or °F	°C 0 =	A-8
7 FiL	Digital filter on the measured value	0 ( oFF) ÷ 20.0 (s)	1.0	C-0
8 inE	Selection of the Sensor Out of Range type that enables the safety output value	or = Over range ur = Under range our = Over e Under	our	C-0
9 oPE	Safety output value	-100 ÷ 100 (%)	0	C-0
10 diF1	Digital input 1 function	oFF = No function 1 = Alarm Reset 2 = Alarm acknowledge 3 = Hold of the measured value 4 = Stand by mode 5 = HEAt with SP1 and CooL with "SP2" 6 = Timer run/hold/reset 7 = Timer run 8 = Timer reset 9 = Timer run/hold 10 = Program run 11 = Program reset 12 = Program hold 13 = Program run/hold 14 = Program run/reset 15 = Manual mode 16 = Sequential set point selection 17 = SP1 / SP2 select. 18 = Set point Binary selection 19 = Digital inputs in parallel to the UP and Down keys	nonE	A-13
11 diF2	Digital input 2 function	oFF = No function 1 = Alarm Reset 2 = Alarm acknowledge (ACK) 3 = Hold of the measured value 4 = Stand by mode 5 = HEAt with SP1 and CooL with "SP2" 6 = Timer run/hold/reset 7 = Timer run 8 = Timer reset 9 = Timer run/hold 10 = Program run 11 = Program run 11 = Program reset 12 = Program hold 13 = Program run/reset 15 = Manual mode 16 = Sequential set point selection 17 = SP1 / SP2 selection 18 = Set point Binary selection 19 = Digital inputs in parallel to the UP and Down keys	nonE	A-14

12 01F Out 1 function						
linked up with the out 1	12	o1F		H.FEG = Heating output c.rEG = Cooling output t.AL = Alarm output t.out = Timer output t.HoF = Timer out-OFF in hold P.End = Program hold P.HLd = Program wait P.run = Program wait P.run = Program vent P.Et2 = Progr. Event 1 P.Et2 = Progr. Event 2 or.bo = Out-of-range or burn out indicator P.FAL = Power failure bo.PF = Out-of-range, burn out and power failure diF.1 = The output repeats the digital input 1 status diF.2 = The output repeats the digital input 2 status	H.reg	A-16
rEU = Reverse action dir.r = Direct with reversed LED  ReU.r = Reverse with reversed LED  ReU.r = Reverse with reversed LED  NonE = Not used H.rEG = Heating output L.G. = Cooling output AL = Alarm output t.tout = Timer output t.HoF = Timer output t.HoF = Torgram end P.HLd = Program hold P. uit = Program vin P.Et1 = Progr. Event 1 P.Et2 = Progr. Event 1 P.Et2 = Progr. Event 2 or.bo = Out-of-range or burn out and Power failure bo.PF = Out-of-range, burn out and Power failure indicator diF.1 = The output repeats the digital input 1 status diF.2 = The output repeats the digital input 2 status	13	o1AL	linked up with the out	+1 = AL 1, +2 = AL 2, +4 = AL 3, +8 = Loop break alarm, + 16 =	AL1	A-17
function  H.FEG = Heating output c.rEG = Cooling output AL = Alarm output t.out = Timer output t.HoF = Timer out -OFF in hold P.End = Program end P.HLd = Program hold P. uit = Program wait P.run = Program run P.Et1 = Progr. Event 1 P.Et2 = Progr. Event 1 P.Et2 = Progr. Event 2 or.bo = Out-of-range or burn out indicator P.FAL = Power failure bo.PF = Out-of-range, burn out and Power failure indicator diF.1 = The output repeats the digital input 1 status diF.2 = The output repeats the digital input 2 status	14	o1Ac	Out 1 action	rEU = Reverse action dir.r = Direct with reversed LED ReU.r = Reverse with	dir	C-0
	15	o2F		H.FEG = Heating output c.rEG = Cooling output t.AL = Alarm output t.out = Timer output t.HoF = Timer out -OFF in hold P.End = Program hold P.HLd = Program wait P.run = Program wait P.run = Program vent P.Et2 = Progr. Event 1 P.Et2 = Progr. Event 2 or.bo = Out-of-range or burn out indicator P.FAL = Power failure bo.PF = Out-of-range, burn out and Power failure indicator diF.1 = The output repeats the digital input 1 status diF.2 = The output repeats the digital input 2 status	AL	A-19

Paramete

16 o2AL Alarms

linked up

from 0 to 31 +1 = AL 1, +2 = AL 2 +4 = AL 3, +8 = Loop

Description

Range

Para	meter	Description	Range	Def.	Vis. Promo
		2	break alarm, + 16 = Sensor break (burn out)		
17	o2Ac	Out 2 action	dir = Direct action rEU = Reverse action dir.r = Direct with reversed LED ReU.r = Reverse with reversed LED	dir	C-0
18	o3F	Out 3 function	NonE = Not used H.rEG = Heating output C.rEG = Cooling output AL = Alarm output t.out = Timer output t.HOF = Timer out -OFF in hold P.End = Program end P.HLd = Program wait P.run = Program run P.Et1=Program Event 1 P.Et2=Program Event 1 P.Et2=Program Event 2 or.bo = Out-of-range or burn out indicator P.FAL = Power failure bo.PF = Out-of-range, burn out and Power failure indicator diF.1 = The output repeats the digital input 1 status diF.2 = The output repeats the digital input 2 status St.bY = Stand by status	AL	A-22
19	o3AL	Alarms linked up with the out 3	from 0 to 31 +1 = AL 1, +2 = AL 2 +4 = AL 3, +8 = Loop break alarm, +16 = Sensor break (burn out)	AL2	A-23
20	o3Ac	Out 3 action	dir = Direct action rEU = Reverse action dir.r = Direct with reversed LED ReU.r = Reverse with reversed LED	dir	C-0
21	o4F	Out 4 function	NonE = Not used H.rEG = Heating output c.rEG = Cooling output A.L = Alarm output t.out = Timer output t.HoF = Timer out -OFF in hold P.End = Program hold P. End = Program hold P. uit = Program wait P.run = Program run P.Et1=Program Event 1 P.Et2=Program Event 2 or.bo = Out-of-range or burn out indicator P.FAL = Power failure bo.PF = Out-of-range, burn out and Power failure indicator diF.1 = The output repeats the digital input 1 status diF.2 = The output repeats the digital input 2 status St.bY = Stand by status indicator	AL	A-24
22	o4AL	Alarms linked up with the out 4	from 0 to 31 +1 = AL 1, +2 = AL 2 +4 = AL 3, +8 = Loop break alarm, +16 = Sensor break (burn out)	AL2	A-25
23	o4Ac	Out 4 action	dir = Direct action rEU = Reverse action dir.r = Direct with reversed LED ReU.r = Reverse with reversed LED	dir	C-0
AL1	group	(parameters rel	ative to AL1 - alarm 1)		
Para	meter	Descript.	Range	Def.	Vis. Promo

Vis. Promo

Def.

AL1

A-20

Par	ameter	Descript.	напде	Det.	Promo
24	AL1t	Alarm 1 type	nonE = Not used LoAb = Absolute low HiAb = Absolute high LHAb = Absolute band SE.br = Sensor break LodE = Deviation low (relative) HidE = Deviation high (relative) LHdE = Relative band	LoAb	A-47
25	Ab1	Alarm 1 function	From 0 to 15 +1 = Not active at power up +2 = Latched alarm (manual reset) +4 = Acknow. alarm +8 = Relative alarm not active at SP change	0	C-0
26	AL1L	- For High and low alarms, it is the low limit of the AL1 threshold - For band alarm, it is low alarm threshold	From -1999 to AL1H ( E.U.)	1999	A-48
27	AL1H	- For High and low alarms, it is the high limit of the AL1 threshold - For band alarm, it is high alarm threshold	From AL1L to 9999 ( E.U.)	9999	A-49
28	AL1	AL1 threshold	From AL1L to AL1H (E.U.)	0	A-50
29	HAL1	AL1 hysteresis	From 1 to.9999 E.U.	1	A-51
30	AL1d	AL1 delay	From 0(oFF) to 9999 (s)	oFF	C-0
31	AL10	Alarm 1 enabling during Stand- by mode	0 = Never 1 = During stand by 2 = During overrang and underrange 3 = During overrange, underrange and stand-by	No	C-0

AL2 group (parameters relative to AL2 - alarm 2)

Parameter	Descript.	Range	Def.	Vis. Promo

Para	ameter	Descript.	Range	Def.	Vis. Promo
32	AL2t	Alarm 2 type	nonE = Not used LoAb = Absolute low HiAb = Absolute high LHAb = Absolute band SE.br = Sensor break LodE = Deviation low (relative)	HiAb	A-54
33	Ab2	Alarm 2 function	From 0 to 15 +1 = Not active at power up +2 = Latched alarm (manual reset) +4 = Acknowledg. alarm +8 = Relative alarm not active at SP change	0	C-0
34	AL2L	- For High an low alarms, it is the low limi of the AL2 threshold - Fo band alarm, it is low alarm threshold	(E.U.)	- 1999	A-56
35	AL2H	- For High an low alarms, it is the high lim of the AL2 threshold - Fo band alarm, it is high alarm threshold	(E.U.)	9999	A-57
36	AL2	AL2 threshold	From AL2L to AL2H (E.U.)	0	A-58
37	HAL2	AL2 hysteres	From 1 to 9999 (E.U.)	1	A-59
38	AL2d	AL2 delay	From 0 (oFF) to 9999 (s)	oFF	C-0
39	AL2o	Alarm 2 enabling during Stand- by mode	0 = Never 1 = During stand by 2 = During overrang and underrange 3 = During overrange, underrange and stand-by	no	C-0
AL3	group (	parameters rel	ative to AL3 - alarm 3)		
Para	ameter	Descript.	Range	Def.	Vis. Promo

			Stariu-by		
AL3	group	(parameters re	lative to AL3 - alarm 3)		
Para	ameter	Descript.	Range	Def.	Vis. Promo
40	AL3t	Alarm 3 type	nonE = Not used LoAb = Absolute low HiAb = Absolute high LHAb = Absolute band SE.br = Sensor breack LodE = Deviation low (relative) HidE = Deviation high (relative) LHdE = Relative band	nonE	C-0
41	Ab3	Alarm 3 function	From 0 to 15 +1 = Not active at power up +2 = Latched alarm (manual reset) +4 = Acknowled. alarm +8 = Relative alarm not active at SP change	0	C-0
42	AL3L	- For High and low alarms, it is the low limit of the AL3 threshold - For band alarm, it is low alarm threshold	From -1999 to AL2H (E.U.)	- 1999	C-0
43	AL3H	- For High and low alarms, it is the high limit of the AL3 threshold - For band alarm, it is high alarm threshold	From AL3L to 9999 (E.U.)	9999	C-0
44	AL3	AL3 threshold	From AL3L to AL2H (E.U.)	0	C-0
45	HAL3	AL3 hysteresis	From 1 to 9999 (E.U.)	1	C-0
46	AL3d	AL3 delay	From 0 (oFF) to 9999 s	oFF	C-0
47	AL3o	Alarm 3 enabling during Stand-by mode	0 = Never 1 = During stand by 2 = During overrange and underrange 3 = During overrange, underrange and stand by	no	C-0

Parameter		Description	Range	Def.	Vis. Promo
48	LbAt	LBA time	From 0 (oFF) to 9999 (s)	oFF	C-0
49	LbSt	Delta measure used by LBA during Soft start	From 0 (oFF) to 9999 ( E.U.)	10	C-0
50	LbAS	Delta measure used by LBA	From 1 to 9999 ( E.U.)	20	C-0
51	LbcA	Condition for LBA enabling	uP = Active when Pout = 100% dn = Active when Pout = -100% both = Active in both cases	both	C-0

_					Vis.
Par	ameter	Description	Range	Def.	Promo
52	cont	Control type	Pid = PID (heat and/or cool) On.FA = ON/OFF asymmetric hysteresis On.FS = ON/OFF symmetric hysteresis nr = Heat/Cool ON/OFF control with neutral zone	Pid	A-25

Par	ameter	Description	Range	Def.	Vis. Promo
53	Auto	Autotuning selection	-4 = Oscillating auto-tune with automatic restart at power up and after all SP change -3 = Oscillating auto-tune with manual start -2 = Oscillating auto-tune with auto-matic start at the first power up only -1 = Oscillating auto-tune with auto-matic restart at every power up 0 = Not used 1 = Fast auto tuning with automatic restart at every power up 2 = Fast auto tuning with automatic restart at every power up 2 = Fast auto-tune with automatic start at the first power up only 3 = FAST auto-tune with manual start 4 = FAST auto-tune with automatic restart at power up and after a SP change	2	C-0
54	Aut.r	Manual start of the Autotuning	oFF = Not active on = Active	oFF	A-26
55	SELF	Self tuning enabling	YES = Active no = Not active	no	C-0
56	HSEt	Hysteresis of the ON/OFF control	From 0 to 9999 ( E.U.)	1	A-27
57	cPdt	Time for compressor protection	From 0 (oFF) to 9999 (s)	oFF	C-0
58	Pb	Proportional band	From 0 to 9999 ( E.U.)	50	A-28
59	int	Integral time	From 0 (oFF) to 9999 (s)	200	A-29
60	dEr	Derivative time	From 0 (oFF) to 9999 (s)	50	A-30
61	Fuoc	Fuzzy overshoot control	From 0.00 to 2.00	0.50	A-31
62	H.Act	Heating output actuator	SSr = SSR rELY = relay SLou = slow actuators	SSr	A-32
63	tcrH	Heating output cycle time	From 0.1 to 130.0 (s)	20.0	C-0
64	PrAt	Power ratio between heating and cooling action	From 0.01 to 99.99	1.00	A-34
65	c.Act	Cooling output actuator	SSr = SSR rELY = relay SLou = slow actuators	SSr	A-35
66	toro	Cooling output cycle time	From 0.1 to 130.0 (s)	20.0	C-0
67	rS	Manual reset (Integral pre- load)	From -100.0 to 100.0 (%)	0.0	C-0
68	od	Delay at power up	From 0.00 (oFF) to 99.59 (hh.mm)	oFF	C-0
69	St.P	Maximum power output used during soft start	From -100 to 100 (%)	0	C-0
70	SSt	Soft start time	From 0.00 (oFF) to 8.00 (inF) (hh.mm)	oFF	C-0
71	SStH	Threshold for soft start disabling	From -1999 to 9999 (E.U.)	999 9	C-0
	_			_	_

		soft start disabling	9999 (E.U.)	9		
SP	<b>group</b> (p	arameters relati	ve to the Set Point)			
Para	ameter	Description	Range	ı	Def.	Vis. Promo
72	nSP	Number of used SP	From 1 to 4		1	A-38
73	SPLL	Minimum set point value	From -1999 to SPHL		- 1999	A-39
74	SPHL	Maximum set point value	From SPLL to 9999	Ş	9999	A-40
75	SP 1	Set point 1	From SPLL to SPLH	(	0	O-41
76	SP 2	Set point 2	From SPLL to SPLH	(	0	O-42
77	SP 3	Set point 3	From SPLL to SPLH	(	0	O-43
78	SP 4	Set point 4	From SPLL to SPLH	(	0	O-44
79	SPAt	Selection of the active SP	From 1 (SP 1) to nSP	•	1	O-45
80	SP.rt	Remote set point type	RSP = The value coming from serial link is used as remote set point trin = The value will be added to the local set point selected by SPAt and the sum becomes the operative set point PErc = The value will be scaled on the input range and this value will be used as remote set point	1	trin	C-0
81	SP.Lr	Local/remote SP selection	Loc = local rEn = remote	ı	Loc	C-0

Parameter		Description	Range	Def.	Vis. Promo
82	SP.u	Rate of rise for POSITIVE SP change	From 0.01 to 100.00 ( inF) E.U per minute	inF	C-0
83	SP.d	Rate of rise for NEGATIVE SP change	0.01 ÷ 100.00 ( inF) E.U per minute	inF	C-0

		·						
Tin group (parameters relative to the timer)								
Parameter		Descript.	Range	Def.	Vis. Promo			
84	tr.F	Independent timer function	NonE = Not used i.d.A = Delayed start timer i.uP.d = Delayed start at power up i.d.d = Feed-through timer i.P.L = Asymmetrical oscillator with start in OFF i.L.P = Asymmetrical oscillator with start in ON	nonE	A-62			
85	tr.u	Timer unit	hh.nn = Hours and minutes nn.SS = Minutes and seconds SSS.d = Second and tenth of seconds	nn.S S	A-63			
86	tr.t1	Time 1	From 00.01 to 99.59 when tr.u < 2 From 000.1 to 995.9 when tr.u = 2	1.00	A-647			
87	tr.t2	Time 2	When tr.u < 2: From 00.00 (oFF) to 99.59 (inF) When tr.u = 2: From 000.0 (oFF) to 995.9 (inF)	1.00	A-65			
88	tr.St	Timer	rES = timer reset	rES	C-0			

run = timer run status HoLd = timer hold PrG group (parameters relative to the programmer) Vis. Promo Def. Parameter Descript. Range nonE = Not used S.uP.d = Start at power up with 1st A-67 89 Pr.F nonE Program action at power up step in stand-by S.uP.S = Start at power up u.diG = Start at Run command detection only u.dG.d = Start at Run command with 1st step in stand-by 90 hh.nn = Hrs + minA-68 Pr.u Engineering hh.nn unit of the soak nn.SS = Min + secPr.E 91 SPAt A-71 Instrument cnt = continue behaviour at the end of the SPAt = go to the SP selected by SPAt program execution St.by = go to stand-by mode Time of the end program indication From 0.00 (oFF) to 100.00 (inF) min. 92 Pr.Et oFF A-72 and sec. From SPLL to SPHL 93 SP of the first A-73 Gradient of the first ramp From 0.1 to 1000.0 (inF= Step transfer) 94 inF A-74 E.U./minute 95 Time of the From 0.00 to 99.59 0.10 A-75 first soak Wait band of the first soak 96 From 0 (oFF) to 9999 (E.U.) A-76 From 00.00 to 11.11 97 Events of the 00.00 C-0 first group SP of the second soak OFF or from SPLL to SPHL 98 A-78

99 Gradient of From 0.1 to 1000.0 inF A-79 the second (inF= Step transfer) ramp E.U/minute 100 Time of the From 0.00 to 99.59 0.10 A-80 second soak From 0 (oFF) to 9999 (E.U.) 101 A-81 the second soak 102 C-0 Pr.E2 00.00 Events of the From 00.00 to second group 11.11 SP of the OFF or from SPLL to SPHL A-83 103 third soak 104 Gradient of inF A-84 Pr.G3 From 0.1 to 1000.0 the third (inF= Step transfer) E.U./minute ramp 105 Pr.t3 Time of the From 0.00 to 99.59 0.10 A-85 Wait band of the third soak From 0 (oFF) to 9999 (E.U.) 106 Pr.b3 oFF A-86 107 C-0 Pr.E3 Events of the From 00.00 to 00.00 third group OFF or from SPLL to SPHL 108 SP of the A-88 Pr.S4 fourth soak 109 Gradient of A-89 the fourth (inF= Step transfer) È.U./minute 110 Pr.t4 Time of the From 0.00 to 99.59 0.10 A-90 fourth soak 111 Pr.b4 Wait band of From 0 (oFF) to oFF A-91 the fourth 9999 (E.U.) Pr.E4 Events of the From 00.00 to 11.11 112 C-0 00.00 fourth group rES = Prg reset run = Prg start HoLd = Prg hold Program status Pr.St rES C-0 113

Pan group (parameters relative to the operator interface)							
Parameter		Description	Range	Def.	Vis. Promo		
114	PAS2	Password level 2	From 0 (oFF) to 999	20	A-93		
115	PAS3	Password level 3	From 3 to 999	30	C-0		
116	uSrb	U button function during run time	nonE = Not used tunE = Starts auto tuning functions oPLo = Manual mode (OPLO) AAc = Alarm reset ASi = Alarm acknowledge chSP = Sequential set point selection St.by = Stand-by mode Str.t = Run/hold/reset timer P.run = Prgr start P.rES = prgr reset P.r.H.r = Run/hold/reset program	nonE	A-94		
117	diSP	Display management	nonE = Standard display Pou = Power output SPF = Final SP Spo = Operative set point AL1 = Alarm 1 threshold AL2 = Alarm 2 threshold AL3 = Alarm 3 threshold Pr.tu = Prgr time up Pr.td = Prgr time up Pr.td = Prgr total time up P.t.tu = Prgr total time up Lime up Lime up Ti.du = Timer time up Under ti.du = Timer time down PErc = % of the power output used during soft start	nonE	A-95		
118	AdE	Bargraph deviation	From 0 (oFF) to 9999	2	A-96		
119	FiLd	Filter on the displayed value	From 0 .0(oFF) to 20.0	oFF	C-0		
120	dSPu	Status of the instrument at power up	AS.Pr = Starts in the same way it was prior to the power down Auto = Starts in Auto mode oP.0 = Starts in manual mode with power output = 0 St.bY = Starts in stand-by mode	AS.Pr	C-0		
121	oPr.E	Operative mode enabling	ALL = All Au.oP = Auto or manual (oPLo) only Au.Sb = Auto and Stand by only	ALL	C-0		
122	oPEr	Operative mode selection	Auto = Automatic oPLo = Manual St.by = Stand-by	Auto	0-1		

Ser group (parameters relative to the serial interface) Vis. Promo Parameter Description Range Def. 123 Add Address 0 (oFF) ÷ 254 C-0 124 1200 - 2400 -C-0 bAu Baud rate 9600 9600 - 19.2 - 38.4 nonE = Not used rSP = Operative 125 trSP nonE C-0 Selection of the value to retransmitted PErc = Current (Master) power output (%)

Con group (parameters relative to the consumption) Wattmeter Vis. Def. Parameter Description Range oFF = Not used 126 nonE A-97 co.ty Measurement 1 = Instantaneous power (kW) 2 = Power consumption (kW/h) 3 = Energy used

during prgr execut. 4 = Total worked days with threshold 5 = Total worked hrs with threshold 127 UoLt Nominal From 1 to 999 230 A-98 voltage of the load (Volt) 10 A-99 128 cur From 1 to 999 (A) Nominal current of the load From 0( oFF) to 9999 Threshold of 129 h.Job oFF A-100

CAL. group (parameters relative to the user Calibration) Vis. Promo Parameter Description Def. From -1999 to AH.P-10 (E.U.) A.L.P Adjust low A-9 Adjust low Offset From -300 to 300 (E.U.) A.L.o A-10 A.H.P A-11 9999

hours/days