

# GREISINGER

**Operating Manual** 

Handheld Double-Pressure-Meter water-proof, with data logger

# **GMH 5155**





Ŧ Please carefully read these instructions before use!

- æ Please consider the safety instructions!
- P Please keep for future reference!



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### 1 General Note

Read this document carefully and get used to the operation of the device before you use it. Keep this document within easy reach near the device for consulting in case of doubt.

Mounting, start-up, operating, maintenance and removing from operation must be done by qualified, specially trained staff that have carefully read and understood this manual before starting any work.

The manufacturer will assume no liability or warranty in case of usage for other purpose than the intended one, ignoring this manual, operating by unqualified staff as well as unauthorized modifications to the device. The manufacturer is not liable for any costs or damages incurred at the user or third parties because of the usage or application of this device, in particular in case of improper use of the device, misuse or malfunction of the connection or of the device.

The manufacturer is not liable for misprints.

# 2 Safety

### 2.1 Intended Use

This device must only be used with one or two "GMSD... - K51" or "MSD ... ..E" pressure sensors. Other usages are not intended.

The safety requirements (see below) have to be observed.

The device must be used only according to its intended purpose and under suitable conditions.

Use the device carefully and according to its technical data (do not throw it, strike it, ...) Protect the device from dirt.

# 2.2 Safety signs and symbols

Warnings are labeled in this document with the followings signs:



**Caution!** This symbol warns of imminent danger, death, serious injuries and significant damage to property at non-observance.



**Attention!** This symbol warns of possible dangers or dangerous situations which can provoke damage to the device or environment at non-observance.

	-	
	_	
-	-	_

**Note!** This symbol point out processes which can indirectly influence operation or provoke unforeseen reactions at non-observance.

# 2.3 Safety guidelines

This device has been designed and tested in accordance with the safety regulations for electronic devices. However, its trouble-free operation and reliability cannot be guaranteed unless the standard safety measures and special safety advises given in this manual will be adhered to when using the device.

 Trouble-free operation and reliability of the device can only be guaranteed if the device is not subjected to any other climatic conditions than those stated under "Specification".
 If the device is transported from a cold to a warm environment condensation may cause in a failure of the function. In such a case make sure the device temperature has adjusted to the ambient temperature before trying a new start-up. 2.



If there is a risk whatsoever involved in running it, the device has to be switched off immediately and to be marked accordingly to avoid re-starting.

Operator safety may be a risk if:

- there is visible damage to the device
- the device is not working as specified

- the device has been stored under unsuitable conditions for a longer time.

In case of doubt, please return device to manufacturer for repair or maintenance.

 When connecting the device to other devices the connection has to be designed most thoroughly as internal connections in third-party devices (e.g. connection GND with protective earth) may lead to undesired voltage potentials that can lead to malfunctions or destroying of the device and the connected devices.



This device must not be run with a defective or damaged power supply unit. Danger to life due to electrical shock!



4.

Do not use these products as safety or emergency stop devices or in any other application where failure of the product could result in personal injury or material damage. Failure to comply with these instructions could result in death or serious injury and material damage.



This device must not be used at potentially explosive areas! The usage of this device at potentially explosive areas increases danger of deflagration, explosion or fire due to sparking.

# **3 Product Specification**

# 3.1 Scope of supply

The scope of supply includes:

- GMH 5155 with 2 AAA batteries
- Operation manual
- Short form manual

# 3.2 Operation and maintenance advice

1. Battery operation:

If 'bAt' is shown in the lower display the battery has been used up and needs to be replaced. However, the device will operate correctly for a certain time. If 'bAt' is shown in the upper display the voltage is too low to operate the device; the battery has been completely used up. Battery change: p.r.t. chapter 15.



The battery has to be taken out, when storing device above 50 °C.

We recommend taking out battery if device is not used for a longer period of time.

After recommissioning the real-time clock has to be set again.

2. Mains operation

The output voltage of a connected power supply unit has to be between 4.5 and 5.5 V DC. Don't apply overvoltage!

- 3. Treat device and sensor carefully. Use only in accordance with above specification. (do not throw, hit against etc.). Protect plug and socket from soiling.
- 4. Connecting/changing sensors



Use only sensors of GMSD ... - K51 or MSD - series!

Other sensors may lead to damage to the device and the sensor.

Switch off device before changing the sensor.

The sensors are coupled to the instrument via bayonet connectors

To connect a sensor, plug in the connector in the right position and then rotate the ribbed ring  $\frac{1}{2}$  turn. To disconnect rotate the ribbed ring  $\frac{1}{2}$  turn and then pull out the connector.

# 4 Handling

## 4.1 Display elements



Main display: measuring value sensor 1 1 Secondary display: measuring value sensor 2 or 2 difference sensor 1 - sensor 2 /"CALC" 3 Arrows for selected measuring unit Rating of battery status 4 Display elements to show minimum / maximum / memorized measuring value as well as tare-function and sea-level-5 correction user arrow: measuring value is shown in freely adjustable 6 user-unit (please refer to chapter 7.1) zero-point or slope correction is active corr arrow: 7 logger is ready logg arrow: 8 arrow flashing: automatic recording (Logg CYCL) is active On / off key, backlight press shortly: activate backlight or switch on instrument Ტ press longer: switch off instrument



4.2 Pushbuttons

set / menu:					
press shortly: display change:					
- measuring value sensor 2					
<ul> <li>difference sensor 1 – sensor 2</li> </ul>					
- calculated value ("CALC", please refer					
to chapter 7.6 and 0					
press for 2 sec. (menu): invoke configuration menu					
min / max:					
press shortly: min. or max. value is displayed					
press for 2 sec: the corresponding value is deleted					
press shortly: tare-function: display is set to 0. All measuring					
values are displayed relatively to this set tare-					
value from now on.					
press for 2 sec: deactivate tare-function					
store / enter:					
Logger off: hold and save current measuring value ('HLD' is					
displayed)					
(Logger on: Operation of data logger - chapter 8)					
(Set/Menu: confirm settings, return to measuring)					
_					

# 4.3 Connections



**Universal output:** interface, supply, analog output (p.r.t. chapter 9 "Universal Input")

7-pole bayonet connector: connection for sensor 2

7-pole bayonet connector: connection for sensor 1

# 4.4 Pop-up clip

#### Handling:

- Pull at label "open" in order to swing open the pop-up clip.
- Pull at label "open" again to swing open the pop-up clip further.



#### Function:

- The device with a closed pop-up clip can be plainly laid onto a table or attached to a belt, etc.
- The device with pop-up clip at position 90° can be set up on a table, etc.
- The device with pop-up clip at position 180° can be suspended from a screw or the magnetic holder GMH 1300.



# 5 Start Operation

Connect sensors, turn device on via 🕐 key.

-18.8.8.8

After segment test

r ALE SLo r ALE FASE r ALE PdEE

if standard measurement is selected

if fast measurement is selected

if peak value detection is selected

After that the device is ready for measuring.

# 6 Configuration

Some menu points depend on current device settings (e.g. some points are locked if logger memory contains data sets).

To change device settings, press "menu" for 2 seconds. This will activate the configuration menu (main

display: "SEt"). Pressing "menu" changes between the menus points, pressing but jumps to the

referring parameters, which can be selected with key

The parameters can be changed with the or .

Pressing **"menu"** again jumps back to the main configuration menu and saves the settings.

"enter" finishes the configuration and returns to standard measuring operation.



Pressing "menu" and "store" at the same time for more than 2 seconds will reset the device to factory defaults.

If there are data sets stored and logger is set to "manual recording" ("Func Stor") the first menu point displayed is "rEAd Logg" (p.r.t. chapter 8 "Data Logger")

If no key is pressed for more than 2 minutes the configuration will be aborted. All changes will not be saved!

Menu	Parameter	Value	Description	
set	tare	or 💮		
C C L	Set Config	guration: Genera	al configurations	
SEL		Unit: Select me	easuring unit	* **
Lonr	Աու Է	Arrow to <b>bar</b> , mbar	Measuring value is displayed in corresponding unit, the selectable units depend on connected sensor	
		Arrow to "user"	Measuring value is displayed in freely adjustable user-unit	
	6 <b>85</b> 8	bar, mbar	Unit "user": base unit	
	dP user	0000, 000.0, 0000"	Unit "user": decimal point setting (only if user-unit selected)	
	FREE	-1999919999	Unit "user": multiplication factor	
	<b>e</b> .	Sea Level: Sea-level correction		
	51	oFF	Sea-level correction off	]
		on	Sea-level correction on (p.r.t. 7.4)	
	RLŁ,	-2000 9999	Sea-level in [m] (only available by Sensor1 SL = on)	* **

Menu	Parameter	Value	Description	
set	tare	or I		
		Rate: Measurin	ig rate	*
		Slo	Slow measuring rate (4 Hz filtered, low power consumption)	
	r REE	FASt	Fast measuring rate, filtered (1000 Hz)	
		P.dEt	Peak detection: fast measuring rate, unfiltered (1000 Hz)	
		Averaging Filte		*
	E'BRQ	1 120	Averaging period in seconds	
		oFF	Averaging function is deactivated	
	P.oFF		f: Select power-off delay	
	r.orr	1 120	Power-off delay in minutes.	
			Device will be automatically switched off as soon as this time has	
		oFF	elapsed if no key is pressed/no interface communication takes place	
	=	-	Automatic power-off function deactivated (continuous operation)	
	L, ŁE	Background ill oFF	Illumination deactivated	
		огг 5 120	Turn off illumination after 5 120s (factory settings: 5 s)	
		on	Illumination always on	
	0-1-0-1			*
CCL	Set Calcu		ed display values (based on Sensor 1)	*
SEE CRLC	ERLE	Choice of func		
LALL		oFF	No calculated display	
		dP:dt	Pressure change per time (leak rate measurements,)	
		SPEd	Flow speed measurement with pitot tube etc.	
		FLo	Volumetric flow rate measurement with pitot tube etc.	
		"dP:dt": Settin	ngs	
			essure change rate	
	6858	Per.S		
			Pressure change rate unit per second, e.g. mbar/s	
		Per.n	Pressure change rate unit per minute, e.g. mbar/min	
		Per.h	Pressure change rate unit per hour, e.g. mbar/h	
	է, ոէ		r which the pressure change rate is calculated	
		0:01 1:00	Period in [minutes:seconds], ex works: 1s	
		"SPEd" or "Flo	": Settings	
		SPEd: speed u	nit	
	Uni E	n:S	meter per second, m/s	
		kn:h	kilometer per hour, km/h	
		nPh	miles per hour, mph	
		knot	knots	
		FLo: Volumetri		
		n3:s	cubic meter per second, m <sup>3</sup> /s	
		n3:n	cubic meter per minute, m <sup>3</sup> /min	
		n3:h	cubic meter per hour, m <sup>3</sup> /h	
		L:S	liter per second, I/s	
		L:n	liter per minute, I/min	
			ric flow - cross section	
	8	10.0 1999.9,	cross section in cm <sup>2</sup>	
	11	2000 14000		
	rorr	0.1000	coefficient,(Prandtl pitot tube = 1.0000 please refer to chapter	
	EOEF	1.9999	(7.7)	
		-100.0	air flow temperature	
	Ł	1000.0 °C		
		100.0	ambient pressure	
	P.865	1999.9 mbar		
	dP	0000, 000.0 00.00	decimal point setting	

Menu	Parameter	Value	Description		
set menu	tare	or 🖤			
CCL	Set Output:		put adjustments		
SEE	<b>~</b> ~.	oFF	Interface and analog output off Serial interface activated		
UUL	Out	SEr:			
		dAC:	Analog output activated		
	Rdr.	01, 1191	Base address for serial interface communication (only at Out = SEr)		
	J <i>R</i> P	CH 1, CH 2 or <sub>DIF</sub> CH	Channel that should be used for analog output (only at Out = dAC)		
	dR[.0	sensor dep. e.g5.005.00 mbar	Zero-point setting for Out = dAC: Measuring value which should correspond to output 0 V		
	dR[.	sensor dep. e.g5.005.00 mbar	Slope setting for Out = dAC: Measuring value which should correspond to output 1 V		
SEŁ		put adjustme	nt	*	
L Corr		Zero adiustm	ent/offset of sensors 1		
	OF 5. 1	oFF	No zero adjustment of sensors 1	1	
		Sensor dep.	The offset of sensor 1 will be displaced by this value to compensate	1	
		e.g5.005.00 mbar	for deviations of the probe or of the measuring device.		
	Slope adjustment of sensors 1				
	<b>FF1 1</b>	oFF	No slope adjustment of sensor 1		
	<u>זנו</u> ו	-2.000          2.000       The slope of sensor 1 will be changed by this factor [%] to compensate deviations of probe or measuring device         Zero adjustment/offset of sensors 2	-		
		Zero adjustm	ent/offset of sensors 2		
	ררזח	oFF	No zero adjustment of sensors 1		
	0F5.2	Sensor dep.	The offset of sensor 2 will be displaced by this value to compensate		
	129-2700 - Def 7562280 and	e.g5.005.00 mbar	for deviations of the probe or of the measuring device.		
			ment of sensors 2		
	SEL2	oFF -2.000	No slope adjustment of sensor 2 The slope of sensor 2 will be changed by this factor [%] to		
	┛└└╷└	2.000	compensate deviations of probe or measuring device		
C C I	Set Alarm:	Settings for al			
SEE AL.	<b>.</b>	On/No.So	Alarm Sensor 1 on, with/without buzzer		
ΠĽ.	RL. I	OFF	No alarm function for Sensor 1		
	011-11	Sensor1-Min	Min-alarm-limit sensor 1 (not if AL.1 = oFF)		
	RLLo/1	AL.1-Hi	Sensor1-Min is lower display range limit of sensor 1		
	81.X1 / 1	AL.1-Lo Sonsor1-Max	Max-alarm-limit sensor 1 (not if AL.1 = oFF)		
		Sensor1-Max On/No.So	Sensor1-Max is upper display range limit of sensor 1 Alarm Sensor 2 on, with/without buzzer		
	RL. 2	OFF	No alarm function for Sensor 2		
		Sensor2-Min	Min-alarm-limit sensor 2 (not if $AL.2 = oFF$ )		
	8L.L o/2	AL.2-Hi	Sensor2-Min is lower display range limit of sensor 2		
	RL.H. /2	AL.2-Lo Senser2 Max	Max-alarm-limit sensor 2 (not if AL.2 = oFF)		
		Sensor2-Max On/No.So	Sensor2-Max is upper display range limit of sensor 2 Alarm sensor difference on with/without buzzer		
	RL.	OFF	No alarm function for sensor difference		
	DIF	-19999	Min-alarm-limit difference (not if AL.DIF = oFF)		
	, RLLO	AL.DIF-Hi			
	RL.Hi	AL.DIF-Lo 19999	Max-alarm-limit difference (not if AL.DIF = oFF)		

Menu	Parameter	Value	Description				
set	tare	or (min					
5EE 1.055	Set Logge	er: Settings for	r logger function	*			
1.055		Selection of	logger function	*			
	5	CYCL	Cyclic: cyclic logger				
	1 0116	Stor	Store: manual recording				
		oFF	No logger activated				
	[ ][ ]	0:01 60:00	Cycle time in [minutes: seconds] (for cyclic logger)	*			
	L o.P o	on/oFF	Low-power-logger with low power consumption (only for cyclic logger and slow measuring rate)	*			
556	Set Clock	: Settings for	real time clock				
SEE CLOC	[[0]	нн:мм	Clock: set time hours: minutes				
	YERr	ΥΥΥΥ	Year: set year				
	938P	ТТ.ММ	Date: set date day. month				
<b>CD</b> (	rEAd Logg: Read calibration data:						
rERd							
1000	p.r.t. chapter 8.1 Manual Recording ("Func-Stor")						

(\*) If logger memory contains data sets parameters marked with (\*) cannot be called. You have to clear memory to change these parameters! (button 6, p.r.t. chapter 8)

(\*\*) Parameter can only be called if corresponding sensor is plugged to connection 1. The settings are applied to the sensor at connection 2 (if any connected).

# 7 Remarks to Special Features

# 7.1 Different Pressure Units

Depending on the connected sensors different units can be selected via menu (Unit). The measuring range of the sensors may restrict the choice!

#### User-Unit

For pressure units, which are not covered by the ones printed on the display, there can be done a manual setting for a "user-defined" unit.

Example:

To enable a GMSD 2 BR - K51 (-1000 ... 2000 mbar) to display the unit kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, following settings (bold) have to be entered:

	kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Torr	atm	at	
bASE user:	bar	mbar	bar	bar	
DP user:	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	
FACt user:	1.0197	.7433	0.9869	1.0197	

# 7.2 Different kinds of measuring

Three different kinds of pressure measuring are supported. Two of them (P.dEt and FASt) are working with high measuring frequency of more than 1000 measurings per second.

# 7.2.1 Standard measuring (slow)

- Measuring rate 4 Hz, averaging and filter functions are active.
  - 5Lo Application: Measuring of slowly changing or static pressures, e.g. measuring of leakproofness, atmospheric pressure...

Highest accuracy, high noise immunity, low power consumption.

## 7.2.2 Peak detection (Peak detection)

PACE Measuring rate >1000 Hz, the value is displayed unfiltered. PACE Application with logger function: Measuring of short pressur

Application with logger function: Measuring of short pressure peaks or fast changing pressures with a resolution of <1 ms. The cyclic logger function records the arithmetic mean value, the highest and the lowest peak of the referring time interval.

Attention: higher power consumption, measuring is sensitive to noise (EMI, ...).



Measuring is sensitive to noise (EMI, ...)

and higher power consumption.

## 7.2.3 Fast filtered measuring (fast)

**FRE** Measuring rate >1000 Hz, but the value is filtered (higher noise immunity than P.dEt, small peaks will be filtered out), apart from that identical behavior like rAtE-P.dEt.

# 7.3 Water depth / level measurement



Water-proof sensors have to be used for water depth / level measurement.

Select the unit [m] for meters water column (selection mH2O) in menu "Unit".10 m water column (=water depth) corresponds roughly 1 bar overpressure.

Measurings can be made e.g. like described below: (for abs. pressure sensors SL has to be deactivated)

- <u>With one abs. pressure sensor:</u> Press 'Tara' when sensor is at ambient air and then bring sensor to the depth to be measured. The display shows now the depth in [m].
- <u>With two abs. pressure sensors</u>: Sensor 2 at ambient air (does not have to be waterproof), waterproof sensor 1 at water depth to be measured. Don't press 'Tara', the depth can already read from the DIF-display and is compensated for pressure changes in ambient air.
- <u>With one rel. pressure sensor</u>: bring tube connection for lower press. in contact to ambient air by means of a tube (no water contact!) and bring the sensor with its open pressure connection for higher pressure to water depth to be measured (display and is compensated for pressure changes in ambient air).

# 7.4 Sea-level correction for absolute pressure sensors

The device displays the absolute pressure. This is not necessarily the same like the values given by weather stations! The weather stations are displaying the pressure at sea level. Usually the sensor is placed above sea level and therefore the pressure loss resulting from the actual level above sea level has to be considered, if the value at sea level (zero) should be measured! To correct the measuring display, activate the "Sea-Level-Function" (SL, p.r.t. chapter 6, setting is only possible, if an abs. pressure sensor is connected to sensor connection 1). Then enter the altitude above sea level of the sensor's location in meters (Alti, p.r.t. chapter 6). When activated, the display shows the SL-arrow and the device displays the pressure value at sea level.



When two absolute pressure sensors are connected, the sea level function for both corresponds to the setting of sensor 1.

# 7.5 Averaging function

The averaging function concerns the display values (LCD and interface).

It is completely independent from the averaging of the logger function FASt and P.dEt!

The averaging integrates the measuring values during a selectable period of time and then calculates the average display value. It is independent from the selected kind of measuring (slow, fast, peak detect).

As long as not enough values have been collected (i. e. for the selected averaging time) to calculate an average value, the upper display shows "----", the lower display a 'countdown'.

During an active low-power-logging procedure the averring is always deactivated. Function of min/max-value memory during averaging:

- If averaging is activated and slow measuring is selected (rAtE-Slo), the min-/max-value memory refers to the average display value.
- If averaging is activated and fast measuring is selected (rAtE-FASt or P.dEt), the min-/max-value memory refers to the internal measured values (fast peaks can be detected).

# 7.6 CALC: Pressure change per time dP/dt (only for sensor 1)

The CALC function "dPdt" allows displaying pressure changes per time directly. The corresponding measuring intervals (t.int) can be freely chosen. The device automatically saves pressure values during this period and calculates the pressure change rate "pressure change / time" from the current measuring value and historical data.

#### Tare button: Historical data is deleted, calculation restarts.

**Example:** Tightness testing for sewage ducts according to EN 1610 with requirements less than -3 mbar/min in a 5 minutes test duration at a test pressure of 250 mbar

#### Equipment/presetting:

- Sealing bladder and pressure pump
- Sensor: GMSD 2 BR K51 (measuring range -1000 ... +2000 mbar)
- bASE= Pet.n (minutes) time unit for pressure change rate
- t.int = 1:00 (1 minutes) test duration, for which the pressure change rate is calculated
- Logger: Cycl, 5 sek

#### Procedure:

- Connect all parts, arrange all necessary sealings
- Start logger
- Charge with pressure, wait for sufficient time
- Restart calculation with "tare" button
- Current pressure value is displayed, button "set" changes to dP:dt display
- The display can give some preliminary information about the test result
- Release pressure after 5 minutes
- Stop logger

#### **Evaluation:**

Read out data logger with GSOFT3050, input at register "comment":

Client, place of inspection, date, time, address / duct number, as-built data (duct type, nominal size, etc), test instructions, pressures, tolerances, etc. as well as test result.

Therefore a comment sample can be prepared as file, company logo etc. can be added for printing.



t.int- setting: If there are set high values the displayed values can be easily misinterpreted, because the displayed value responds very slowly.

The pressure change is monitored during the selected time interval t.Int and calculated referring to the time base ("bASE"). It is assumed, that the pressure continues to change the same way in the following.

Example.: t.int = 10 sec; "bASE" = Per.n (minutes); pressure change in 10 seconds = -2mbar Resulting display CALC = -12 mbar

The displayed value is calculated:  $P(T_{current}) - P(T_{current} - t.int) / T.int$ 

If there are not data for the whole t.int-period yet the values are extrapolated with the already available data.

# 7.7 CALC: Pitot measuring of Velocity and Flow (only for sensor 1)

#### 7.7.1 Velocity measurement in air: "CALC SPEd"

The air velocity is calculated by means of the pressure difference at a Prandtl pitot tube or comparable measuring setup.

– with

v = velocity (m/s)

 $\Delta p = dynamic pressure (Pa) => p(A)-p(B)$ 

s = pitot tube factor (= 1.0 for Prandtl pitot tube)

= air density (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

 $p_a$  = air pressure (Pa)

value input at "P.abs" in the CALC menue

value input at "COEF" in the CALC menue

= measured pressure difference

- $R_i = gas constant (at air = 287 (J / kg K))$
- T = absolute temperature (K)

value input **in** °**C** at "t" in the CALC menue  $(0 \ ^{\circ}C = 231.15K)$ 

Generally the pressure differences evaluated are very small, therefore it is recommended to use pressure sensors with high resolution.

Recommended sensors for use with a Prandtl pitot tube:

Sensor	Meas. range Pmax	Vn	nin	Vmax		CALC-Menu "dP"	CALC-Menu "Strt"	ConF-Menu "t.AVG"
GMSD 2,5 MR - K51	2.500 mbar	1 m/s	4 km/h	20 m/s	72 km/h	0.000	1.0	2
GMSD 25 MR - K51	25.00 mbar	5 m/s	18 km/h	64 m/s	230 km/h	0000	5	2

It is not recommended to measure velocities below Vmin, because therefore the resolution of the sensors is too low.



Display value "-1 digit":

If -1 digit is displayed at velocity of flow measurement the connected sensor gives a negative pressure value -> check offset!

Velocity or flow calculation cannot be done with negative values.

#### 7.7.2 Volumetric flow measurement in air: "CALC FLo"

The flow measurement is based on the velocity measurement (see above). Velocity multiplied with the crosssection area (input in CALC menu by "A") offers the volumetric flow at the selected display.

## 8 Data Logger

The device supports two different logger functions:

"Func-Stor": Manual recording by keypress "store" Additional input of measuring point (L-Id) is needed

"Func-CYCL": Automatic recording at intervals of set cycle time

The logger stores 9 measuring values per data set:

measuring or average (depends on function), min-peak and max-peak sensor 1 measuring or average (depends on function), min-peak and max-peak sensor 2 measuring or average (depends on function), -"CALC off"\*): min-peak and max-peak sensor 1 – sensor 2 -"CALC active" \*): Calculated value and dummy value

**Min- and max-peak** are the minimum and the maximum of the measured values since the last recording. This allows precise analysis of the current pressure as well as pressure fluctuations.

For the evaluation of the data the software GSOFT3050 (version V3.0 or higher) has to be used. The software also allows easy configuration and starting of the logger.

When the logger is activated (Func Stor or Func CYCL) the hold function is no more available, the key "store" is solely used for the operation of the logger functions.

# 8.1 Manual Recording ("Func-Stor")

#### a) Save measurements manually:

Up to 1000 measurements can be saved if logger function "Func store" is selected (p.r.t. "Configuration"):

**Press "store" shortly:** data set is saved ("St. XX" is displayed shortly, where XX is the number of the data set)

**Input of measuring point** "L-Id": Selection of measuring point via keys for **W**. Number 0 ... 19999 or text assigned to number 1 ... 40 (comfortable assignment of texts can be done with gratis software GMHKonfig)

Confirm input with



One data set contains:

- Sensor 1: measuring value at the time of the recording
- Sensor 1: min-peak, max-peak since the last recording
- Sensor 2: measuring value at the time of the recording
- Sensor 2: min-peak, max-peak since the last recording
- Difference sensor 1-sensor 2: measuring value at the time of the recording
- CALC off \*) Difference sensor 1-sensor 2: min-peak, max-peak since the last recording CALC active \*) Calculated value at the time of the recording and dummy value
   time and date of the recording

 $L_{EIIII}^{0}$  is displayed if logger storage is full.

#### b) Read manual recordings:

Saved data sets can be viewed both with PC-software GSOFT3050 and directly on the device display.



Do not change the pressure sensor if manual recording is selected and values are already stored, because otherwise invalid data may be read-out. The pressure sensor used during the recording has to be connected!

Press "menu" for 2 seconds: r End is displayed



"rEAd LoGG" is only displayed if data sets have been already stored. Otherwise the configuration menu is displayed: SEL

tare	<b>Press shortly:</b> Change between measuring values, measuring point and date+time of the data set		
or <b>min</b>	Change between different data sets		
store	End display of recordings		

Look

#### c) Clear manual recordings:

If data sets have been stored, they can be deleted with the "store" key:



# 8.2 Automatic Recording with Selectable Cycle Time ("Func CYCL")

If logger function "Func CYCL" is selected (p.r.t. "Configuration") the device will automatically record measuring values at intervals of the set cycle time.

The logger's cycle time can be set from 1s to 60min (p.r.t. "Configuration").

Storable data sets: 8000



- A data set contains at slow measuring rate (rAtE SLo):
  - Sensor 1: measuring value at the time of the recording
  - Sensor 1: min-peak, max-peak since the last recording
  - Sensor 2: measuring value at the time of the recording
  - Sensor 2: min-peak, max-peak since the last recording
  - Difference sensor 1-sensor 2: measuring value at the time of the recording
  - CALC off \*) Difference sensor 1-sensor 2: **min-peak**, **max-peak** since the last recording CALC active \*) Calculated value at the time of the recording and dummy value

At data set contains at fast measuring rate (rAtE FASt and rAtE P.dEt):

- Sensor 1: arithmetic average since the last recording
- Sensor 1: min-peak, max-peak since the last recording
- Sensor 2: arithmetic average since the last recording
- Sensor 2: min-peak, max-peak since the last recording
- Difference sensor 1-sensor 2: arithmetic average since the last recording
- CALC off \*) Difference sensor 1-sensor 2: **min-peak**, **max-peak** since the last recording CALC active \*) Calculated value at the time of the recording and dummy value



At measuring kind "rAtE-Slo" a power saving function is selectable: "Lo.Po". If activated a measurement is only done if it is also logged (i.e. no additional measurements between the saved values). This seriously reduces the power consumption and is therefore especially appropriate for long-term measurements (e.g. leak test) without an external power supply.

#### a) Start recording:

Press "store" for 2 seconds: Start Menu, press again: automatic recording will be started.

Each storage process is signaled by the short display of 'St.XXXXX', where XXXXX is the number of the saved data set.

If the logger memory is full, the recording stops automatically and the display shows

If Low-Power-Logger-Function Lo.Po = on the device switches itself off as soon as the memory gets filled.

#### b) Stop recording:





If you try to switch off the device while cyclic recording is active you will be asked whether the recording should really be stopped.

The device can only be switched off if the recording is stopped.

Auto-off function is deactivated as long as cyclic recording is active.

#### c) Clear recordings:

 Press "store" for 2 seconds: If there are data sets stored and recording is already stopped

 ubbb run is displayed 

 Select lobb run is displayed 

 Select with is or is displayed

 Select with is or is displayed

 Select with is or is displayed

 Image: Select relation of the clear menu

 Select with is or is o

# 9 Universal Output

The output can be used either as serial interface (for USB 5100 interface converter) or as analog output (0-1V). If the output is not needed, it is strongly recommended to deactivate it (Out oFF) to lower power consumption. This increases battery life time.

If the device is used together with interface adapter USB 5100 the device is supplied from the interface.

#### Pin assignment:



1: external supply +5V, 50 mA

2: GND

3: TxD/RxD (3.3V Logic)



Only suitable adaptor cables are permitted (accessories)!

4: +U<sub>DAC</sub>, analog output

## 9.1 Interface

The device can be connected to a USB interface of a PC by the electrically isolated interface converter USB 5100 (accessory). The data is transmitted binary-coded and protected against transmission errors by complex safety mechanism (CRC).

The following standard software packages are available:

- GSOFT3050: Operating and evaluation software for the integrated logger function
- EBS20M / -60M: 20-/60-channel software for measuring value display
- **GMHKonfig**: Configuration Software (for free on internet)

In case you want to develop your own software we offer a **GMH3000-development package** including:

- a universally applicable Windows functions library ('GMH3x32e.DLL') with documentation, can be used by all 'established' programming languages, suitable for:
  - Windows XP™, Windows Vista™, Windows 7™
- Programming examples Visual Basic 4.0<sup>™</sup>, Delphi 1.0<sup>™</sup>, Testpoint<sup>™</sup> etc.

#### The device has 9 channels:

- Channel 1: current measuring value (sensor 1) and base address
- Channel 2: min peak (sensor 1)
- Channel 3: max peak (sensor 1)
- Channel 4: current measuring value (sensor 2)
- Channel 5: min peak (sensor 2)
- Channel 6: max peak (sensor 2)
- Channel 7: current measuring value (difference sensor 1 sensor 2)
- Channel 8: min peak (difference sensor 1 sensor 2) or CALC-value
- Channel 9: sensor 1 max peak (difference sensor 1 sensor 2) or Dummy, if CALC is active



The measuring-/ alarm- and display range values read back from the interface are always in the selected measurement unit (mbar, bar...)!

# 9.2 Analog output

An analog voltage 0-1V can be tapped at the universal output connector (mode: "Out dAC").

The analog output can be easily scaled with DAC.0 and DAC.1.

Please take care not to load the analog output too heavily, otherwise the output value will be distorted and the power consumption will rise. Loads up to approx. 100 kOhm are unproblematic.

If the displayed value goes beyond DAC.1 the output voltage will be 1V.

If the displayed value falls below DAC.0 the output voltage will be 0V.

In error case (Err.1, Err.2, ----, etc.) the output voltage will be slightly higher than 1V.

The interface converter USB 5100 has a screw/plug connection; therefore no further cable is necessary if USB 5100 is used.

## **10 Input Adjustment**

The zero point and slope of each measuring inputs can be adjusted with the parameters offset ("OFFS") and scale ("SCAL").

A reasonable adjustment presumes reliable references (e.g. ice water, controlled precision water bath, etc.).

If the inputs are adjusted (i.e. offset and scale are different from default settings) the device will shortly display "Corr" after turned on.

Default setting for offset and scale are 'off' = 0.0, i.e. inputs are not changed.

Zero point correction:

Displayed value = measured value – OFFS

Zero point and slope correction:

Displayed value = (measured value – OFFS) \* (1 + SCAL / 100 )

## **11 Pressure Connection to the Sensors**

The device is designed to be connected to the sensors of the GMSD/GMXD...-series without a new calibration being necessary. Therefore a great variety of replaceable sensors of e.g. -1.999 ... 2.500 mbar relative up to 0 ... 1000 bar absolute pressure can be connected to the device.

#### Relative pressure sensors (types: GMSD ... MR - K51, GMSD ... BR - K51)

• For measurements of over- or under pressure:

Pressure sensors GMSD 2,5 MR - K51, GMSD 25 MR - K51 and GMSD 350 MR - K51 allow for measurements of under pressure up to the entire over pressure measuring range by re-plugging the tube to pressure port "A".

Please note that all values are displayed as positive values. No minus sign will be shown. (Example for GMSD 25 MR - K51: For tube connection "B" the measuring range covers -19.99 to 25.00 mbar. If you replug to port "A" under pressure measurements down to -25.00 mbar could be carried out with the display showing the value 25.00 (no minus sign).

• For measurements of pressure differences: Connect both plastic tubes with an internal diameter of 4 mm to pressure port "B" and "A"; make sure to apply higher pressure to port "B".

#### Absolute pressure sensors (types: GMSD ... BA - K51)

Connect plastic tube with an inner diameter of 4 mm to pressure port "A". (Port "B" is not used.)

#### Stainless steel sensors (types: MSD ... MRE, MSD ... BRE, MSD ... BAE)

For measurements of over-, under- or absolute pressure screw sensor to G1/2" pressure terminal or plug plastic tube to a suitable adapter. Connection to instrument: Use cable MSD-K51.

#### Pressure measurements with two sensors

Pressure differences of any sensor combinations can be measured by means of the calculation sensor1 – sensor2 (DIF).

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# 12 Alarm ("AL.")

There are 3 possible settings:

off (AL.oFF), on with buzzer (AL.on), on without buzzer (AL.no.So).

Alarm is given in the following cases (if alarm active, AL.on or AL.no.So):

- Lower alarm boundary (AL. Lo) under-run
- Upper alarm boundary (AL. Hi) over-rum
- Sensor error
- Low battery (bAt)
- Err.7: system error (always with buzzer!)

In case of an alarm (and when polling the interface) the prio-flag is set in the returned interface message.

## 13 Real Time Clock ("CLOC")

The real time clock is used for chronological assignment of the logger data and calibration points. Please check the settings when necessary.

## 14 Accuracy Check / Adjustment Service

You can send the device to the manufacturer for adjustment and inspection.

Calibration certificate - DKD certificate - official certifications:

If the measuring instrument is supposed to receive a calibration certificate, it has to be sent to the manufacturer (declare test points).

If the device is certificated together with a suitable sensor very high overall accuracies are possible.

Basic settings can only be checked and - if necessary - corrected by the manufacturer.

A calibration protocol is enclosed to the device ex works. This documents the precision reached by the production process.

# **15 Replacing Batteries**

protection!

Before changing batteries, please read the following instruction and follow it step by step.

Not following the instruction may cause harm to the instrument or the protection against ingress of water and dust may be lost!

Avoid unnecessary opening of the instrument!

- 1. Open the 3 Phillips screws at the backside of the instrument.
- Lay down the still closed instrument, so that the display side points upwards. The lower half of the housing incl. the electronics should be kept lying down during battery change. This availations of the appling rings of the aprexidence.
  - This avoids loss of the sealing rings of the screw holes..
- 3. Lift upper half of housing. Keep an eye on the six function keys, to be sure not to damage them.
- 4. Change carefully the two batteries (Type: AAA).
- 5. Check: Are the 3 sealing rings placed in the housing? Is the circumference seal of the upper half sound and clean?
- Close the housing, taking care that it is positioned correctly, otherwise the sealing may be damaged. Afterwards press the two halves together, lay the instrument with display pointing downwards and screw it together again
   Take care to screw only until you feel increasing resistance, higher screwing force does not result in higher water



16 Error and System Messages							
Display	Description	What to do?					
	No sensor connected	Switch off device and connect sensor					
56n5 or Err.9	Connected sensor or device defective	If 2nd sensor available, check if device is ok. Return defective device/sensor to manufacturer for repair					
	Value extremely out of measuring range	Check: pressure not within sensor range?					
No display or	Battery empty	Replace battery					
confused characters,	Mains operation: wrong voltage or polarity	Check power supply, replace it when necessary					
device does not	System error	Disconnect battery and power supplies, wait shortly, then reconnect					
react on keypress	Device defective	Return to manufacturer for repair					
Err.1	Measured value above allowable range	Check: pressure not within sensor range? -> measuring value to high!					
	Sensor defective	Return to manufacturer for repair					
Err.2	Measured value below allowable range	Check: pressure not within sensor range? -> measuring value to low!					
	Sensor defective	Return to manufacturer for repair					
Err.3	Display range overflow	Check: value above 19999 -> to high to be displayed					
Err.4	Display range underflow	Check: value below -19999 (Tara?) -> to low					
Er.11	Value could not be calculated	Choose different unit					
	Calculation overflow happened	Choose different unit					
Err.7	System error	Return to manufacturer for repair					
	Sensor not present / recognised	reconnect sensor, during logging: stop the logger and restart it					
	could not calculate value	suitable sensor / unit combination necessary					

If **"bAt"** is flashing the battery will be exhausted soon. Further measurements are possible for short time. If "bAt" is displayed continuously the battery is ultimately exhausted and has to be replaced. Further measurements aren't possible any more.

# **17 Reshipment und Disposal**

## **17.1 Reshipment**



All devices returned to the manufacturer have to be free of any residual of measuring media and/or other hazardous substances. Measuring residuals at housing or sensor may be a risk for persons or environment



Use a adequate transport package for reshipment, especially for fully functional devices. Please make sure that the device is protected in the package by enough packing materials.

# **17.2 Disposal instructions**



Batteries must not be disposed in the regular domestic waste but at the designated collecting points.

The device must not be disposed in the unsorted municipal waste! Send the device directly to us (sufficiently stamped), if it should be disposed. We will dispose the device appropriate and environmentally sound.

# **18 Specifications**

To Specific	cations					
Display range		maximal -1999919999 digit, depends on used sensor				
Number of channels		2				
Suitable probes		GMSD K51 and MSD sensors with connection cable MSD-K51				
Available ranges/	resolutions	ranging from -1.999 2.500 mbar / 0.001 mbar to 0 1000 bar / 1 bar				
Connections	sensor	two 7-pole bayonet connectors				
	output / ext. supply	4-pole connector for serial interface and supply (USB Adapter USB 5100) analog output 0-1V, adjustable				
Display units		depends on meas. range selection (depends on connected sensor): mbar, bar, Pa, kPa, MPa, mmHg, inHg, PSI, mH <sub>2</sub> O				
User unit		freely adjustable				
Measuring freque	ency	4 / s or 1000 / s				
Accuracy		± 0.1 % FS ± 1 digit				
Working condition	าร	-25 50 °C; 0 95 %RH (non condensing)				
Storage condition	IS	-25 70 °C				
Display		4 ½ digit 7-segment display, illuminated (white)				
Correction function	on	offset / slope (via menu), if offset/slope value not equal zero: "corr" is displayed				
Leakage test fund	ction	Pressure change rate display, configurable time base				
Air velocity / volu	me flow	measuring with pitot tube				
Real-time clock		integrated clock with date and year				
Data logger	cyclic	8000 data sets				
	manual	1000 data sets (with measuring point input, 40 adjustable measuring point text numbers)				
Alarm	channels	3 (sensor 1, sensor 2, difference) with individual alarm boundaries				
	types	buzzer/visual/interface				
Additional functio	ns	min- / max- / hold- function				
Averaging		adjustable, 1 … 120 seconds				
Housing	protection class	IP65 and IP67				
	dimensions	160 * 86 * 37 incl. protective covering,				
	L*W*H [mm]	approx. 250 g incl. batteries and protective covering				
Power supply		2*AAA-batteries (included in delivery)				
	current consumption	2.0 mA (at Out = Off, equivalent to 500 h), illumination ~10mA (turns off automatically)				
Battery-change indicator		automatically if battery exhausted "bAt", warning "bAt" flashing				
Auto-off-function		Device will be automatically switched off if no key is pressed/no interface communication takes place for the time of the power-off delay. The power-off delay can be set to values between 1and 120 min.; it can be completely deactivated.				
EMC		The device corresponds to the essential protection ratings established in the Regulations of the Council for the Approximation of Legislation for the member countries regarding electromagnetic compatibility (2004/108/EG) Additional fault: <1%				

		C	E		
EC - Declaration of Conformity					
It is hereby confirmed, that the products					
	GN	IH 5130, GMH	GMH 5 5155	150,	
for the u tive on E It is furth the restr	comply with protection requirements that are set out in the guidelines of the council for the unification of legal regulations of the member states concerning EC Direc- tive on EMC 2004/108/EC and the Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC. It is further ensured that the restriction of pollutants complies with the directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and elec- tronic equipment (2011/65/EU - RoHS).				
The conformity to EMC is verified under observance of following harmonised stan- dards:					
<b>EN 61326-1 : 2013</b> (table 3, class B), <b>EN 61326-1 : 2013</b> (addendum A, class B)					
The conformity to the exclusion of harmful substances is verified under observance of following harmonised standard:					
EN 50581 : 2012					
The following manufacturer is responsible for the declaration:					
		Standort Hans-Sach	e <b>chnik GmbH</b> Greisinger s-Straße 26 Regenstauf		
released by					
	nreiner, Alo ector BU	is			
Docons	touf	09.04.2015	TA	7	
Regens. place		date		signature	